CHEM 3331 Dr. Minger

Exam #1 July 11, 2016

CIRCLE YOUR RECITATION SECTION and T.A.:

211	Jessica	221	Aaron
212	Lance	222	Matthew
213	Tianyi	223	Ethan
214	Paula	224	Dylan
215	Brendan	225	Brendan

Please read and sign the Honor Code statement below:

I pledge that on my honor, as a University of Colorado at Boulder student, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this exam.

Signature

ЗА

7A

5A 6A

8A

General Instructions: There are 5 pages of questions. Be sure you have them all. Read each question carefully so that you know exactly what is being asked. Good luck!

Н He C В N 0 Li Be Ne 15.999 sulfur 16 P Na Mg AI Si CI Ar titanium 22 **T**i Sc V K Ca Cr Mn Fe Co Ni Cu Zn Ga Ge Se Br Kr As 44.956 yttrium 39 **Y** 40.078 strontium 38 39.098 rubidium **37** 51 Sb Rb Sr Nb Mo Pd Cd Sn I Zr Tc Ru Rh Ag In Te Xe [98] rheniun **75** 101.03 osmiur **76** 57-70 Cs Ba Hf W Re Os Pt Au Hg ΤI Pb Bi Po At Lu Ta Ir Rn Fr Ra Rf Db Sg Bh Hs Mt Uun Uuu Uub Uuq

*lar	thanide	series

1A

2A

* * Actinide series

es	57 La	58 Ce	Pr 140.91 protactinium	Nd 144.24 uranium	Pm [145]	52 Sm 150.36	Eu 151.96	64 Gd 157.25	65 Tb 158.93 berkelium	Dy 162.50 californium	Ho 164.93 einsteinium	68 Er	Tm 168.93	70 Yb 173.04 nobelium
,	89 Ac	Th	Pa	92 U	Np	Pu Pu	Am	Cm	97 Bk	Of	99 Es	100 Fm	Md	No

Circle the <u>single best answer</u> to each of the multiple choice questions 1-5. (25 pts)

- 1. Which of the following shows the correct order of reactivity toward Grignard reagents (least reactive to most reactive)?
 - a. Aldehyde < Ketone < Ester
 - b. Ketone < Aldehyde < Ester
 - c. Ester < Ketone < Aldehyde
 - d. Ester < Aldehyde < Ketone
 - e. Ketone < Ester < Aldehyde
- 2. When the following reaction occurs, the product(s) will be:

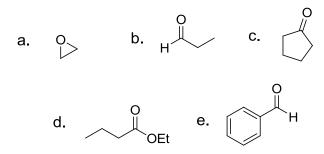
$$\begin{array}{c} 1. & \\ \hline \\ \text{MgBr} \\ \hline \\ 2. \text{ H}_3\text{O}^+ \end{array} \qquad \text{product(s)}$$

- a. a single achiral molecule
- b. a racemic mixture
- c. an unequal mixture of enantiomers
- d. an equal mixture of diastereomers
- e. an unequal mixture of diastereomers
- 3. When the following reaction occurs, the product(s) will be:

$$\frac{1. (CH_3CH_2)_2CuLi, Et_2O}{2. H_3O^+} \quad \text{product(s)}$$

- a. a single achiral molecule
- b. a single chiral molecule
- c. a racemic mixture
- d. an equal mixture of diastereomers
- e. an unequal mixture of diastereomers

4. Which of these compounds requires two equivalents of a Grignard or organolithium reagent for complete reaction?



- 5. Using reactions you have seen in lecture, which of the following types of reagents cannot be used to synthesize a carboxylic acid from an appropriate organic starting material in one synthetic step (plus any necessary aqueous workup)?
 - a. Grignard reagents
 - b. Organocuprates
 - c. Ozone, followed by hydrogen peroxide workup
 - d. Jones reagent
 - e. All of these reagents can be used to produce carboxylic acids from appropriate starting materials in one step

- 6. Oxidation and reduction. For each of the following transformations, choose the correct reagent or reagents from the list. Assume that you can use as much of each reagent as necessary (i.e. 1 equivalent, 2 equivalents, etc) and that every reaction has an appropriate aqueous workup. You can use a reagent more than once, or not at all. Put the letter that corresponds to your choice in the box above each arrow. (30 pts)
- A Jones reagent (H₂CrO₄, acetone, water)
- B PCC or PDC
- C NaBH₄
- **D** LAH, then H₃O⁺
- **E** A *or* B (either will work)
- **F** C or D (either will work)
- **G** Cannot be accomplished using any of these choices.

7. Alcohol retrosynthesis. This target alcohol can be made from various combinations of organic substrate and reagents. Provide the structures of an alkene, a carbonyl compound, and an epoxide from which this alcohol can be made in one synthetic step, along with the necessary reagents to convert each of these precursors to the alcohol. (15 pts)

Alkene	Reagents
Carbonyl compound	Reagents

Reagents

Epoxide

8. **Multistep synthesis.** (30 pts) For each of the following transformations, propose a synthesis of the target molecule from the starting material shown.

For full credit:

- Show reagents needed for each step and the product of each step. This means don't just write a list of reagents over the arrow and you will lose many points if you do it that way. The format should be A → B → C, with the reagents written over the arrow for each transformation.
- If you use an organometallic reagent, you do not need to show how you made it.

