

Second 2-Hour Exam

By printing your name below, you pledge that

"On my honor, as a University of Colorado at Boulder student,
I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this work."

Name _____

Recitation TA's Name: _____

Recitation Day and Time: _____

Points:

| Problem # | Max. Points | Your Score |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | 10 | |
| 2 | 10 | |
| 3 | 30 | |
| 4 | 30 | |
| 5 | 20 | |
| BONUS | 10 | |

_____ TOTAL (out of 100)

General Instructions:

- You have 2 hours to complete the exam
- Please write your name on the top of each page
- Use the back of pages for scratch paper
- Don't cheat!



Laboratory peer pressure

Question # 1

10 pts total

Circle the correct answer (2 pts each):

- a) Osmium tetroxide is a cheap, non-toxic substance. TRUE FALSE
- b) Cuprates are useful for epoxide opening because they are more basic than Grignard reagents. TRUE FALSE
- c) LAH is a useful reagent for the reduction of esters to aldehydes. TRUE FALSE
- d) Carbenes are reactive species that contain a carbon atom with 7 valence electrons. TRUE FALSE
- e) Catalysis works by reducing the activation barrier to a reaction. TRUE FALSE
- f) Condensation of a primary or secondary amine with a ketone gives an imine. TRUE FALSE
- g) Oxidation can involve the removal of O from an organic compound. TRUE FALSE
- h) Jones oxidation is a useful method for the oxidation of primary alcohols to aldehydes. TRUE FALSE
- i) Epoxides are more reactive than regular ethers because of angle strain. TRUE FALSE
- j) A catalyst affects the equilibrium position of a reaction. TRUE FALSE

Question # 2

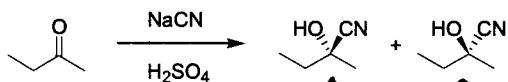
10 pts total

For each of the reactions below

(i) indicate what the relationship between the products is (enantiomers; diastereoisomers; or same compound)

and (ii) indicate whether you would expect the products to be formed in equal (E) or non-equal amounts (NE). If you think the question of the ratio of products is not relevant to a particular example write not applicable (NA).

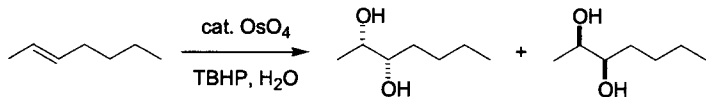
a)



ENANTIOMERS

Formed in
Equal amounts (E)

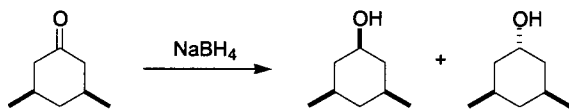
b)



ENANTIOMERS

Equal amounts
(E)

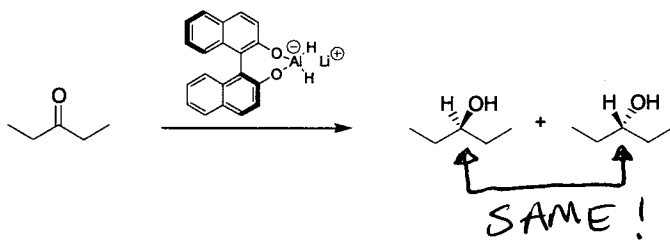
c)



DIASTEREOMERS

Non-equal (NE)
amounts

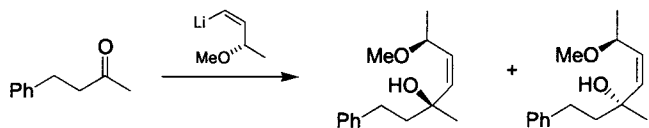
d)



SAME!

NOT applicable!
(NA)

e)



DIASTEREOMERS

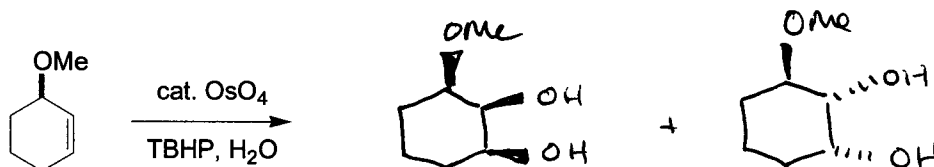
Non-equal
amounts (NE)

Question # 3

30 pts total

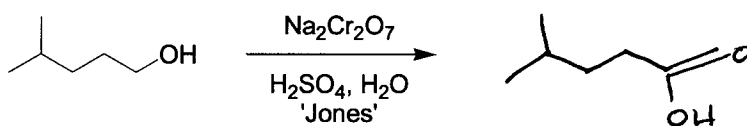
Draw the product of the following reactions. If more than one compound is produced draw both and in cases where diastereoisomers are formed be sure to draw both!

a)



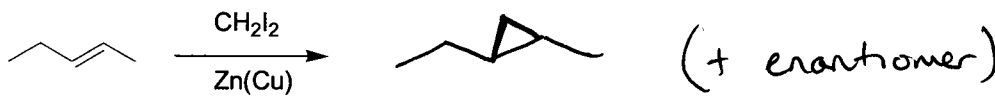
4 pt

b)



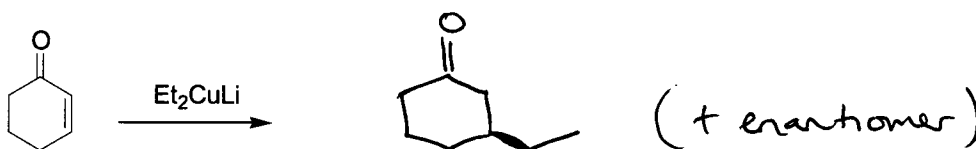
3 pt

c)



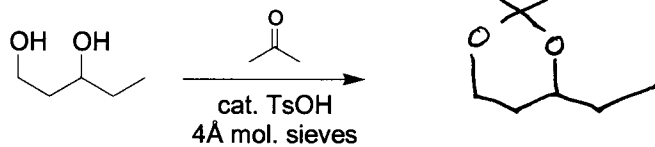
3 pt

d)



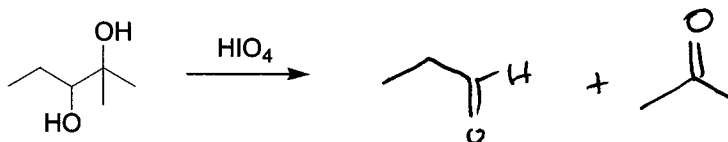
3pt

e)



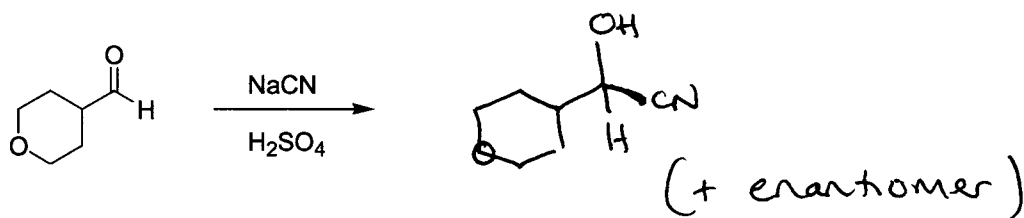
3pt

f)



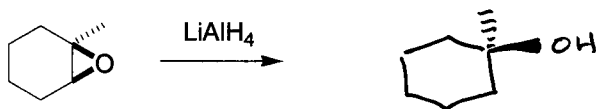
4pt

g)



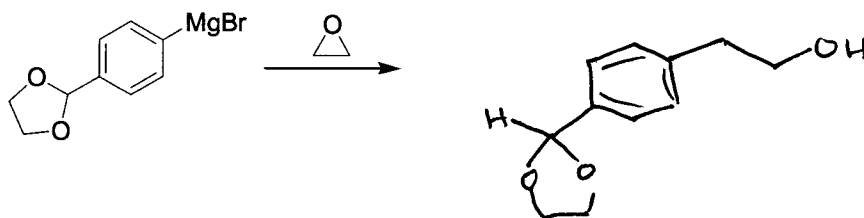
4pt

h)



3pt

i)



3pt

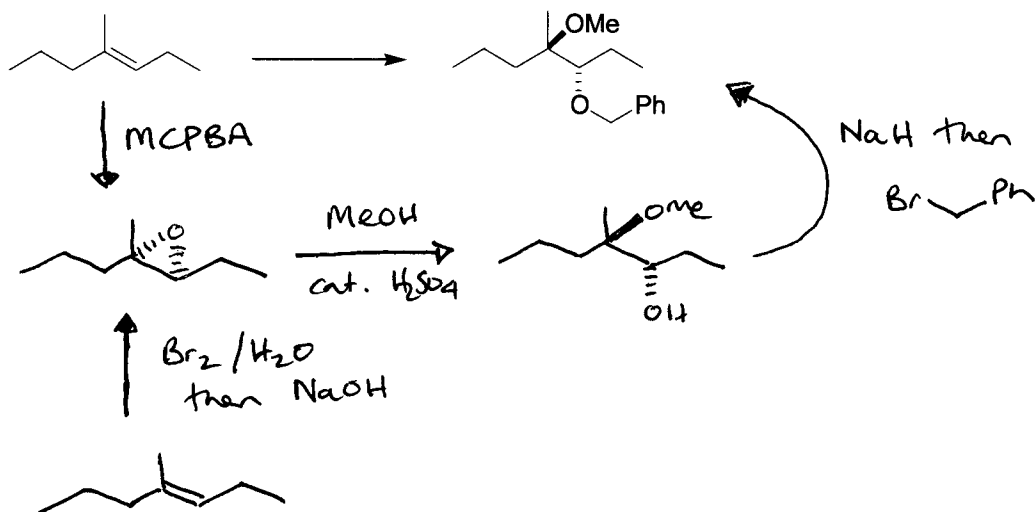
Question # 4

30 pts total

How would you synthesize the following molecules using organic reagents containing less than 7 carbons, and any inorganic reagents you choose. Please pay attention to stereochemistry where it is shown! Partial credit will be given for showing reagents and products for each step (if your synthesis requires more than one step).

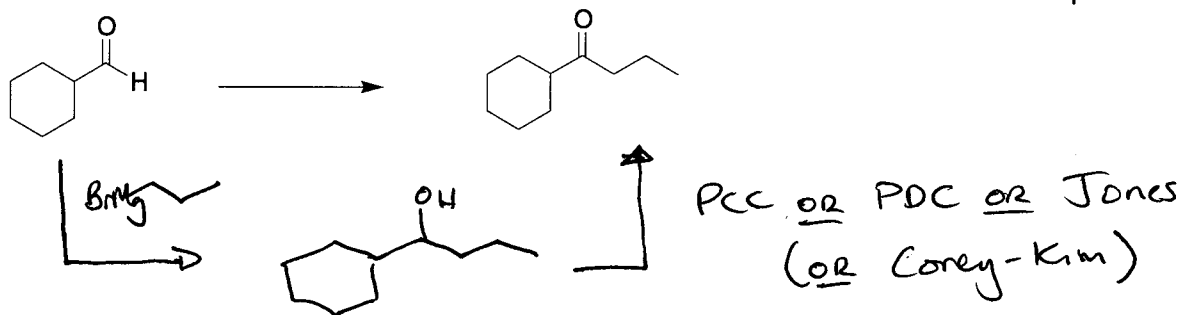
a)

9 pt



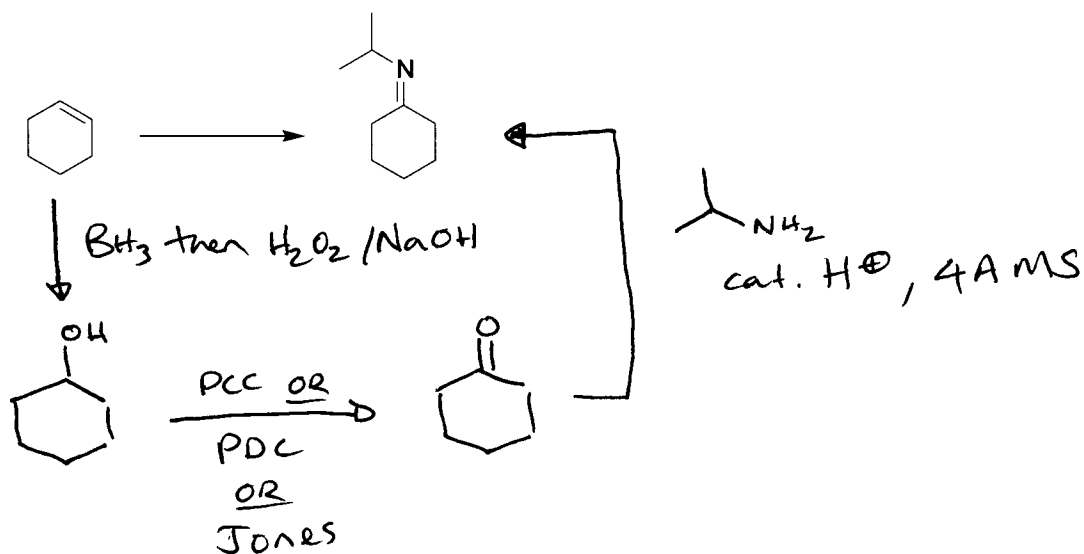
b)

4 pt



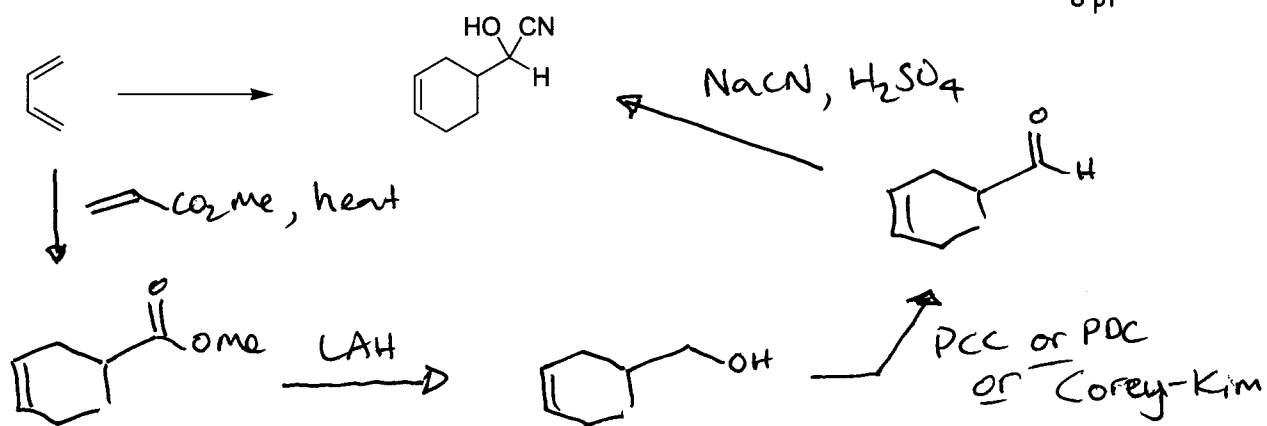
c)

9 pt

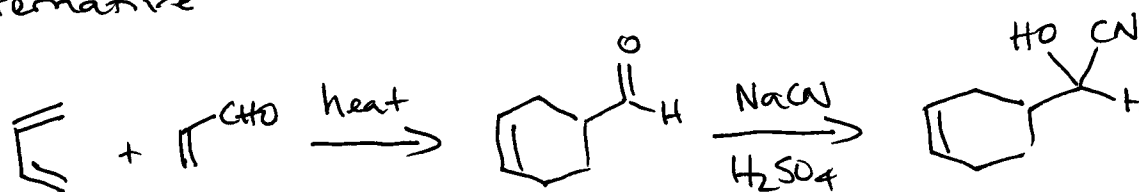


d)

8 pt



Alternative

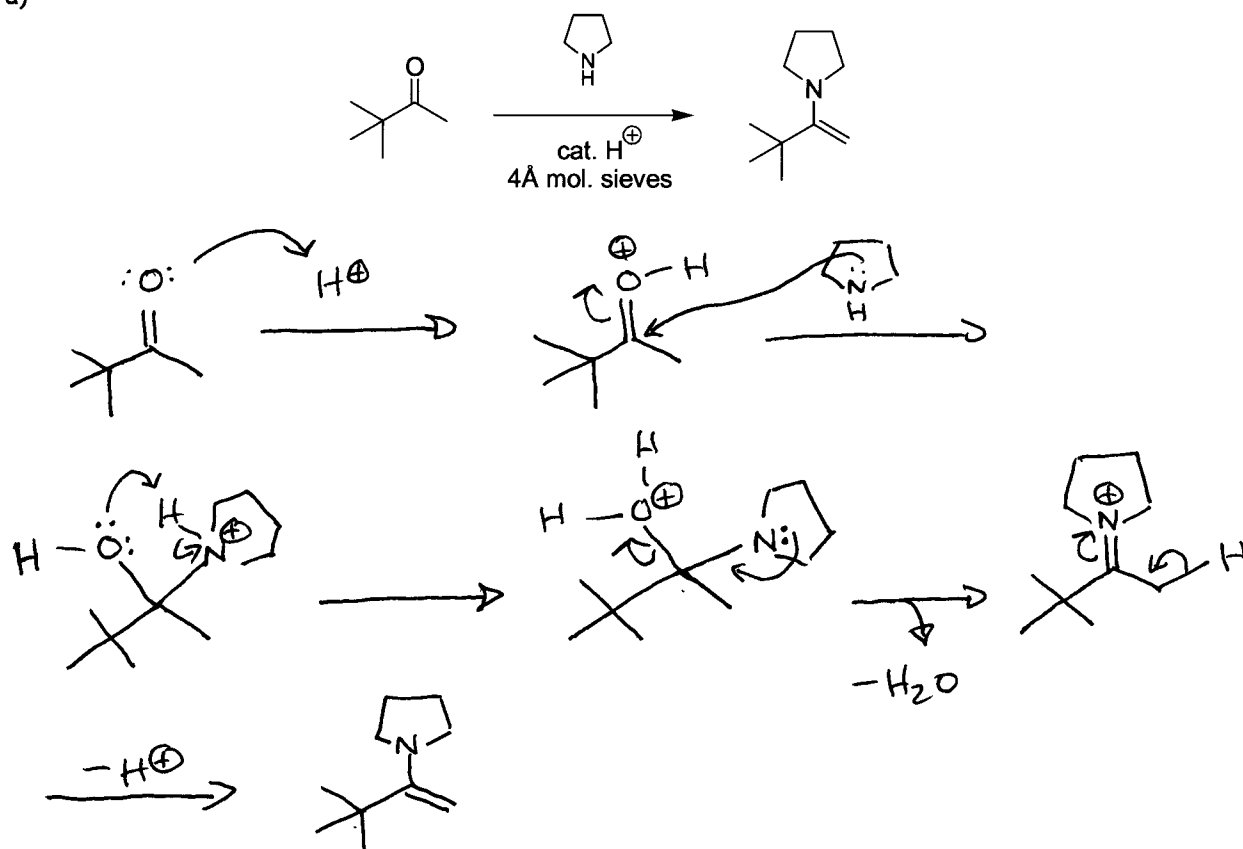


Question # 6

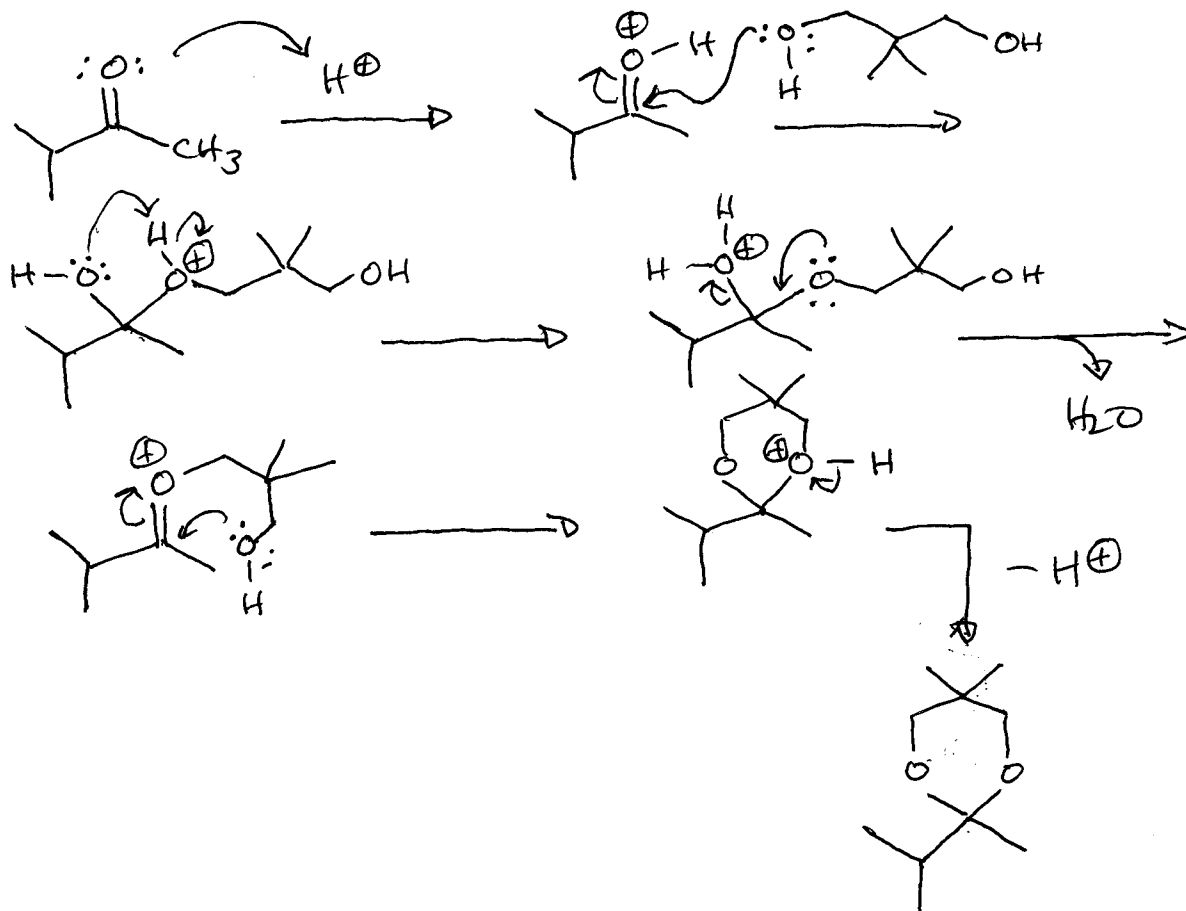
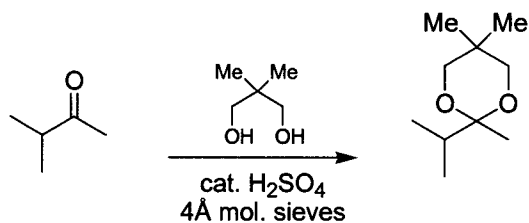
20 pts total

Write mechanisms for the following two reactions. Be sure to show all the intermediates and all the arrows required for each step [including aqueous workup if it is required].

a)



b)

**Bonus Question**

What are the two products of the following reaction? Worth 10 marks up to an exam total out of 100 (ie you can't get >100 on the exam).

